

Writer Guide

Appendix $oldsymbol{A}$ Keyboard Shortcuts

Using Writer without a mouse

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Introduction

You can use OpenOffice.org (OOo) without requiring a pointing device, such as a mouse or trackball, by using its built-in keyboard shortcuts. Tasks as varied and complex as docking and un-docking toolbars and windows, or changing the size or position of objects, can all be accomplished with only a keyboard.

OOo has a general set of keyboard shortcuts, available in all components, and a component-specific set directly related to the work of that component. This appendix lists the default set for Writer. For general shortcuts, see Appendix A of the *Getting Started* guide.

For help with OOo's keyboard shortcuts, or using OOo with a keyboard only, search the OOo Help using the "shortcut" or "accessibility" keywords.

In addition to using the built-in keyboard shortcuts listed in this Appendix, you can define your own. See Chapter 17 (Customizing Writer) for instructions.

Note

Some of the shortcut keys may be assigned to your desktop system. Keys that are assigned to the desktop system are not available to OOo. Try to assign different keys either for OOo (described in Chapter 17), or for your desktop system (see your system's documentation).

Choosing menu items using the keyboard

Some of the characters shown on the menu bar are underlined. You can open the menus by pressing the underlined character together with the *Alt* key. Once the menu is opened, you can access menu items by pressing the underlined character key.

Using shortcut keys in dialogs

When you open any dialog, one element (such as a button, an option field, an entry in a list box, or a checkbox) is highlighted or indicated by a dotted box around the field or button name. This element is said to have the focus on it.

If the focal point is a button, pressing *Enter* runs it as if you had clicked it with the mouse. A checkbox is toggled on or off by pressing the spacebar. If an option field has the focus, use the arrow keys to change the activated option field in that area. Press the *Tab* key to go

from one element or area to the next one, or press Shift+Tab to go in the reverse direction.

Press Esc to close the dialog without saving changes or activating any commands.

Interrupting macros

To terminate a macro that is currently running, press Shift+Ctrl+Q.

Function keys for Writer

Shortcut keys	Effect
F2	Opens or closes the Formula Bar.
Ctrl+F2	Opens the Fields dialog box.
F3	Inserts the AutoText entry corresponding to the typed shortcut.
Ctrl+F3	Opens the AutoText dialog box, where you can edit an AutoText entry or create a new entry from the selected text.
F4	Opens or closes the View Data Sources window.
Shift+F4	Selects the next frame.
F5	Opens or closes the Navigator.
Ctrl+Shift+F5	Opens the Navigator with cursor in page number field.
F7	Starts the spelling and grammar checker.
Ctrl+F7	Opens the Thesaurus.
F8	Turns Extension Selection mode on or off.
Ctrl+F8	Turns field shadings on or off.
Shift+F8	Turns Multiple Selection mode on or off.
Ctrl+Shift+F8	Turns Block Selection mode on or off.
F9	Updates fields.
Ctrl+F9	Shows or hides field names.
Shift+F9	Calculates Table.
Ctrl+Shift+F9	Opens a dialog box for editing input fields and lists.
Ctrl+F10	Displays or hides nonprinting characters.
F11	Opens or closes theStyles and Formatting window.
Shift+F11	Creates a new style from a selection.
Ctrl+Shift+F11	Updates a style.

Shortcut keys	Effect
F12	Turns paragraph numbering on or off.
Ctrl+F12	Inserst or edits a table.
Shift+F12	Turns bullets on or off.
Ctrl+Shift+F12	Turns numbering/bullets off.

Shortcut keys for Writer

Shortcut Keys	Effect
Ctrl+A	Selects all content in a document, unless the cursor is in a table (see "Shortcut keys for tables in Writer" on page 8).
Ctrl+D	Double underlines selected text or text typed afterwards. Press again to turn off.
Ctrl+E	Centers the paragraph.
Ctrl+F	Opens the Find and Replace dialog box.
Ctrl+J	Justifies the paragraph.
Ctrl+L	Aligns the paragraph to the left.
Ctrl+R	Align the paragraph to the right.
Ctrl+M	Applies default formatting to the selection.
Ctrl+Shift+B	Subscripts selected text or text typed afterwards. Press again to turn off.
Ctrl+Shift+P	Superscripts selected text or text typed afterwards. Press again to turn off.
Ctrl+Y	Redoes last action.
Ctrl+5	Applies 1.5 line spacing to paragraph.
Ctrl+Plus Key(+)	Calculates the selected text and copies the result to the clipboard.
Ctrl+Hyphen(-)	Inserts a conditional hyphen.
Ctrl+Shift+minus sign (-)	Inserts a non-breaking hyphen (not used for hyphenation).
Ctrl+Shift+X	Removes direct character formats from selected text.
Ctrl+/ (slash)	Inserts a no-width optional line break.
Ctrl+multiplication sign * (only on number pad)	Runs macro field.
Ctrl+Shift+Space	Inserts a non-breaking space (not used for hyphenation and not expanded if text is justified).
Shift+Enter	Inserts a line break without paragraph change.

Shortcut Keys	Effect
Ctrl+Enter	Inserts a page break.
Ctrl+Shift+Enter	Inserts a column break in multi-column texts.
Alt+Enter	Inserts a new paragraph without numbering.
Alt+Enter	Inserts a new paragraph directly before or after a section or a table.
Arrow Left	Moves cursor to left.
Shift+Arrow Left	Moves cursor with selection to the left.
Ctrl+Arrow Left	Goes to beginning of word.
Ctrl+Shift+Arrow Left	Selects to the left word by word.
Arrow Right	Moves cursor to right.
Shift+Arrow Right	Moves cursor with selection to the right.
Ctrl+Arrow Right	Goes to end of word.
Ctrl+Shift+Arrow Right	Selects to the right word by word.
Arrow Up	Moves up one line.
Shift+Arrow Up	Selects lines in an upwards direction.
Arrow Down	Moves cursor down one line.
Shift+Arrow Down	Selects lines in a downward direction.
Home	Goes to beginning of line.
Shift+Home	Goes and selects to the beginning of a line.
End	Goes to end of line.
Shift+End	Goes and selects to end of line.
Ctrl+Home	Goes to start of document.
Ctrl+Shift+Home	Goes and selects text to start of document.
Ctrl+End	Goes to end of document.
Ctrl+Shift+End	Goes and selects text to end of document.
Ctrl+PageUp	Switches cursor between text and header.
Ctrl+PageDown	Switches cursor between text and footer.
Insert	Turns Insert mode on or off.
PageUp	Moves up one screen page.
Shift+PageUp	Moves up one screen page with selection.
PageDown	Moves down one screen page.
Shift+PageDown	Moves down one screen page with selection.
Ctrl+Del	Deletes text to end of word.
Ctrl+Backspace	Deletes text to beginning of word.
Ctrl+Shift+Del	Deletes text to end of sentence.

Shortcut Keys	Effect
Ctrl+Shift+Backspace	Deletes text to beginning of sentence.
Ctrl+Tab	Uses next suggestion with automatic word completion.
Ctrl+Shift+Tab	Use previous suggestion with automatic word completion.
Alt+W	In the spelling checker dialog box: Calls back the original unknown word into the text box.
Ctrl+double-click or Ctrl+Shift+F10	Docks or un-docks the Navigator, Styles and Formatting window, or other windows.

Shortcut keys for tables in Writer

Shortcut Keys	Effect
Ctrl+A	If the active cell is empty, $Ctrl+A$ selects the whole table; otherwise, it selects the contents of the active cell. Press $Ctrl+A$ a second time to select the entire table.
Ctrl+Home	If the active cell is empty, <i>Ctrl+Home</i> moves the cursor to the beginning of the table. Press <i>Ctrl+Home</i> again to move the cursor to the beginning of document.
	If the active cell is not empty, <i>Ctrl+Home</i> moves the cursor to the beginning of the active cell. A second press of <i>Ctrl+Home</i> moves the cursor to the beginning of the current table. A third press moves the cursor to the beginning of the document.
Ctrl+End	If the active cell is empty, $Ctrl+End$ moves the cursor to the end of the table. Press $Ctrl+End$ again to move the cursor to the end of document.
	If the active cell is not empty, $Ctrl+End$ moves the cursor to the end of the active cell. A second press of $Ctrl+End$ moves the cursor to the end of the current table. A third press moves the cursor to the end of the document.
Ctrl+Tab	Inserts a tab stop (only in tables). Depending on the Window Manager in use, <i>Alt+Tab</i> may be used instead.
Ctrl+Shift+Arrow Up	Jumps to start of table.
Ctrl+Shift+Arrow Down	Jumps to end of table.

Shortcut Keys	Effect
Alt+Arrow Keys	Increases or decreases the size of the column or row on the right or bottom cell edge.
Alt+Shift+Arrow Keys	Increases or decreases the size of the column or row on the left or top cell edge.
Ctrl+Alt+Shift+Arrow Keys	Like <i>Alt</i> , but modifies only the active cell.
Alt+Insert	Provides 3 seconds in Insert mode, during which time pressing an arrow key inserts a row or column, or <i>Ctrl+Arrow Key</i> inserts a cell.
Alt+Del	Provides 3 seconds in Delete mode, during which time pressing an arrow key deletes a row or column, or <i>Ctrl+Arrow Key</i> merges the active cell with the neighboring cell.
Ctrl+Shift+T	Removes cell protection from all selected tables. If no table is selected, then cell protection is removed from all of the tables in the document.
Ctrl+Shift+Del	If nothing is selected, the contents of the next cell are deleted. If cells are selected, the whole row(s) of the selection are deleted. If all rows are selected completely or partially, the entire table is deleted.

Shortcut keys for paragraphs and heading levels

Shortcut Keys	Effect
Ctrl+0 (zero)	Applies Text Body paragraph style.
Ctrl+1	Applies Heading 1 paragraph style.
Ctrl+2	Applies Heading 2 paragraph style.
Ctrl+3	Applies Heading 3 paragraph style.
Ctrl+4	Applies Heading 4 paragraph style.
Ctrl+5	Applies Heading 5 paragraph style.
Ctrl+Alt+Up Arrow or Ctrl+Up Arrow	Moves the active paragraph or selected paragraphs up one paragraph.
Ctrl+Alt+Down Arrow or Ctrl+Down Arrow	Moves the active paragraph or selected paragraphs down one paragraph.
Tab	When the cursor is at the beginning of the heading text, moves a heading in format $Heading$ X (X = 1-9) down one level in the outline. Does not affect the applied paragraph style.

Shortcut Keys	Effect
Shift+Tab	When the cursor is at the beginning of the heading text, moves a heading in format <i>Heading</i> X ($X = 2-10$) up one level in the outline. Does not affect the applied paragraph style.
Ctrl+Tab	At the start of a heading: Inserts a tab stop. Depending on the Window Manager in use, Alt+Tab may be used instead.

Shortcut keys for moving and resizing frames, graphics and objects

Shortcut Keys	Effect
Esc	Cursor is inside a text frame and no text is selected: <i>Esc</i> selects the text frame.
	Text frame is selected: <i>Esc</i> clears the cursor from the text frame.
F2 or Enter or any key that produces a character on screen	If a text frame is selected: positions the cursor to the end of the text in the text frame. If you press any key that produces a character on screen, and the document is in edit mode, the character is appended to the text.
Alt+Arrow Keys	Moves the selected object.
Alt+Ctrl+Arrow Keys	Resizes an object by moving the lower right corner.
Alt+Ctrl+Shift+ Arrow Keys	Resizes an object by moving the top left corner.
Ctrl+Tab	Selects the anchor of an object (in Edit Points mode).